

# WEST VIRGINIA'S FEDERAL WATER FUNDING

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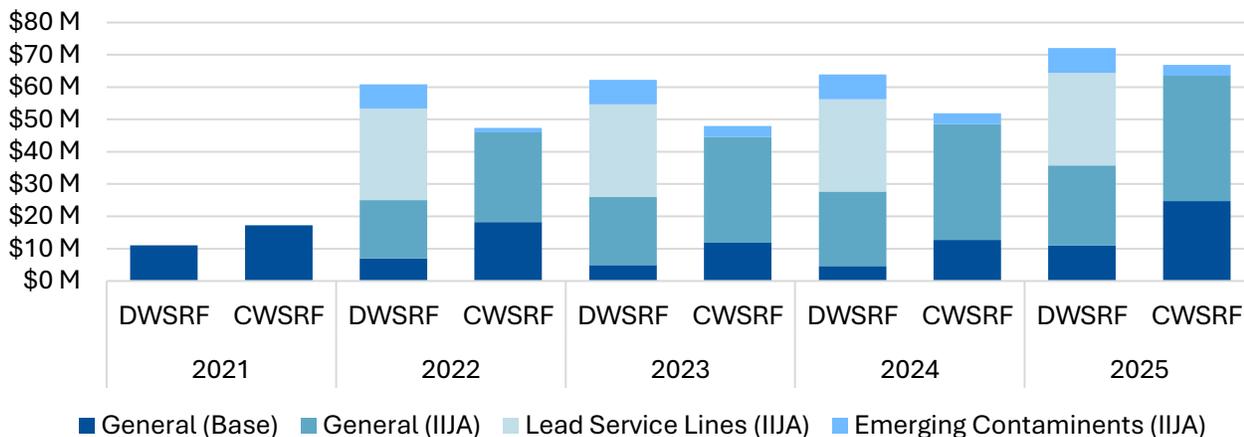


The EPA's Drinking Water and Clean Water State Revolving Funds (DWSRF and CWSRF) represent the nation's largest federal investment in drinking water and wastewater infrastructure, enabling states to better meet urgent water system needs in their communities. In recent years, \$473 million in SRF funds has helped West Virginia address a portion of its \$15.7 billion in infrastructure investment needs.

## West Virginia has relied on \$473 million in SRF support since 2022

Since 2022, West Virginia has been allotted **\$259 million** for the state's DWSRF, including **\$114 million** to replace lead pipelines, and **\$214 million** for the state's CWSRF. These funds have supported local projects including lead service line inventories in communities like Clarksburg and Piedmont, and upgrades to Weirton's wastewater treatment plant that will double its processing capacity and replacing aging infrastructure. West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection is receiving an [estimated \\$0.4 million](#) set-aside to support program administration.

### Federal support for the SRFs has increased since 2022



An additional \$43 billion was appropriated for the SRFs by the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (IIJA) and is being distributed annually between 2022 and 2026.

Source: [Water Program Portal's](#) Outcome Dashboard and EPA's State DWSRF and CWSRF Allotments (2022-2025).

## \$15.7 billion in future water infrastructure needs

Per the latest [Drinking Water Infrastructure Needs Survey and Assessment](#) and [Clean Watershed Needs Survey](#), West Virginia is anticipated to need **\$4.6 billion** in drinking water investments and **\$11.1 billion** in wastewater investments over the next two decades. The federal investments over the last four years help address **3 percent** of this gap, but further funding is required to maintain the state's water systems.