

# OREGON FEDERAL WATER FUNDING

February 2026



The EPA's Drinking Water and Clean Water State Revolving Funds (DWSRF and CWSRF) represent the nation's largest federal investment in drinking water and wastewater infrastructure, enabling states to better meet urgent water system needs in their communities. In recent years, \$490 million in SRF funds has helped Oregon address a portion of its \$15.6 billion in infrastructure investment needs.

## Oregon has relied on \$490 million in SRF support since 2022

Since 2022, Oregon has been allotted **\$335 million** for the state's DWSRF, including **\$123 million** to replace lead pipelines, and **\$155 million** for the state's CWSRF. These funds have supported upgrades to aging water systems across the state, including the replacement of infrastructure built in 1910 in Pendleton, and Oregon's first floating community solar project, a .9 MW solar array that will cover a reservoir in Medford Irrigation District reducing evaporation, securing agricultural water supplies, and providing energy savings to local businesses and low-income communities in Jackson County. The Oregon Department of Environmental Quality is receiving an [estimated \\$5 million](#) set-aside to support program administration.

### Federal support for the SRFs has increased since 2022



An additional \$43 billion was appropriated for the SRFs by the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (IIJA) and is being distributed annually between 2022 and 2026.

Source: [Water Program Portal's](#) Outcome Dashboard and EPA's State DWSRF and CWSRF Allotments (2022-2025).

## \$15.6 billion in future water infrastructure needs

Per the latest [Drinking Water Infrastructure Needs Survey and Assessment](#) and [Clean Watershed Needs Survey](#), Oregon is anticipated to need **\$10.1 billion** in drinking water investments and **\$5.5 billion** in wastewater investments over the next two decades. The federal investments over the last four years help address about **3.1 percent** of this gap, but further funding is required to maintain the state's water systems.