

NEW JERSEY'S FEDERAL WATER FUNDING

February 2026

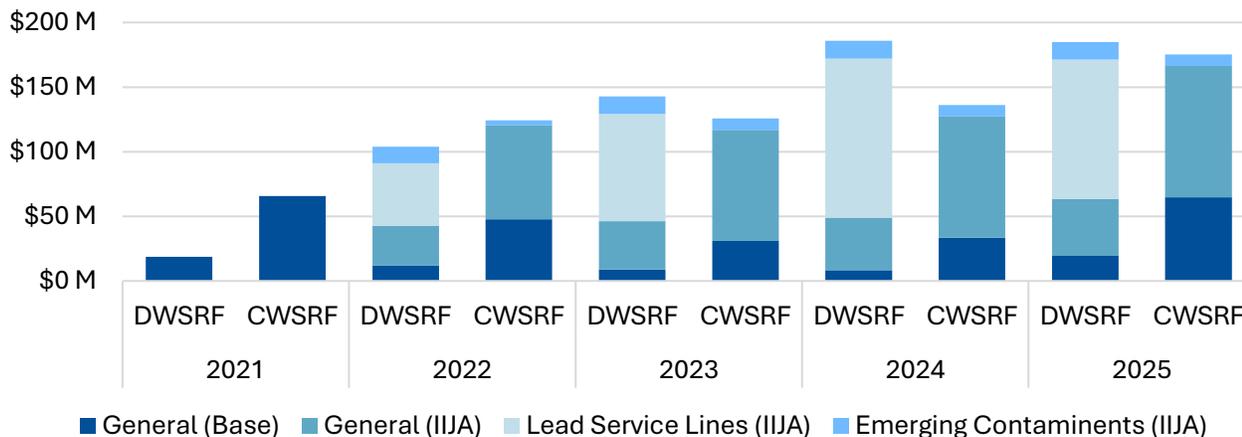


The EPA's Drinking Water and Clean Water State Revolving Funds (DWSRF and CWSRF) represent the nation's largest federal investment in drinking water and wastewater infrastructure, enabling states to better meet urgent water system needs in their communities. In recent years, \$1.2 billion in SRF funds has helped New Jersey address a portion of its \$31.7 billion in infrastructure investment needs.

New Jersey has relied on \$1.2 billion in SRF support since 2022

Since 2022, New Jersey has been allotted **\$617 million** for the state's DWSRF, including **\$362 million** to replace lead pipelines, and **\$561 million** for the state's CWSRF. These funds have supported local projects including the replacement of 16 thousand lead service lines throughout Jersey City, and upgrades to the Camden County Municipal Utilities Authority's wastewater treatment facilities, like introducing anaerobic digesters to break down waste and generate renewable energy. The New Jersey Infrastructure Bank is receiving an [estimated \\$16.4 million](#) set-aside to support program administration.

Federal support for the SRFs has increased since 2022



An additional \$43 billion was appropriated for the SRFs by the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (IIJA) and is being distributed annually between 2022 and 2026.

Source: [Water Program Portal's](#) Outcome Dashboard and EPA's State DWSRF and CWSRF Allotments (2022-2025).

\$31.7 billion in future water infrastructure needs

Per the latest [Drinking Water Infrastructure Needs Survey and Assessment](#) and [Clean Watershed Needs Survey](#), New Jersey is anticipated to need **\$12.3 billion** in drinking water investments and **\$19.4 billion** in wastewater investments over the next two decades. The federal investments over the last four years help address **3.7 percent** of this gap, but further funding is required to maintain the state's water systems.